Flood Risk Management Strategy

Clyde and Loch Lomond Local Plan District

This section is the most relevant for individuals, communities and businesses seeking to understand their local flood risk and its management. There is an overview of the Local Plan District, as well as further detail for every Potentially Vulnerable Area. For each Potentially Vulnerable Area, there is a short description of the causes and consequences of flooding. The agreed objectives are clearly set out and, most importantly, the actions that will deliver these objectives are prioritised and described.

Section 2: Understanding and managing flooding

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	 Loch Lomond and Vale of Leven (11/01) Helensburgh to Loch Long (11/02) Strathblane (11/03) Kilsyth to Bearsden - north of Glasgow City (11/04) Yoker catchment - Clyde (Clydebank to Partick) (11/05) Isle of Bute (11/06) Dunoon (11/07) Greenock to Gourock (11/08) Clyde south - Port Glasgow to Inchinnan (11/09) Bishopton (11/10) Gryfe catchment - Bridge of Weir to Houston (11/11) Black Cart Water catchment - Lochwinnoch to Johnstone (11/12) White Cart Water catchment (11/13) Rutherglen(11/14) Glasgow City north (11/15) Glasgow City centre (11/16) East of Glasgow (11/17/1) Clyde catchment - Motherwell to Lesmahagow (11/17/2) Coatbridge and Airdrie (11/17/3) 	21 40 53 62 89 105 116 128 141 151 161 173 191 220 237 248 260 280 294
	Coatbridge/Viewpark (11/18)North of Wishaw (11/19)Shotts (11/20)	303 312 322
	• Kilmacolm (11/21c)	331

2.1 Summary of flooding in the Clyde and Loch Lomond Local Plan District

The Clyde and Loch Lomond Local Plan District extends from Loch Lomond in the north to Leadhills in the south, and includes part of the Loch Lomond and The Trossachs National Park (see Figure 2). This district has a total area of approximately 4,800km². The area contains 16 local authorities and it has 22 Potentially Vulnerable Areas, and one candidate Potentially Vulnerable Area.

Flood risk in Clyde and Loch Lomond

There are approximately 21,000 residential properties and 8,600 non-residential properties at risk of flooding within the Local Plan District. This equates to 27% of all properties at risk of flooding nationally. Within the Local Plan District, approximately 3% of the residential properties and 8% of non-residential properties are at risk and it is estimated that 97% of these properties are located within Potentially Vulnerable Areas. The Annual Average Damages from flooding (see glossary) are approximately £67 million.

River flooding is the main source of flooding in the Local Plan District, closely followed by surface water flooding (Figure 1). The Annual Average Damages caused by river flooding are £27 million, those caused by coastal flooding are £19 million and those caused by surface water flooding are £20 million.

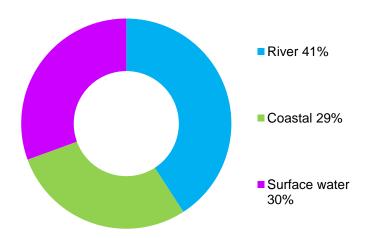


Figure 1: Annual Average Damages by flood source

Table 1 and Figure 3 show the main areas at flood risk, number of properties at risk and the associated Annual Average Damages caused by flooding. This includes damages to residential properties, non-residential properties, transport and agriculture. Please note that economic damages to airports and rail infrastructure were not assessed as strategic information on damages at this scale is not available.

	Residential and non- residential properties at risk of flooding	Annual Average Damages
Glasgow City	13,000	£10,000,000
Paisley and Johnstone	2,900	£3,400,000
Dumbarton	2,000	£12,000,000
Gourock/Greenock/Port Glasgow	1,300	£2,100,000
Kirkintilloch	690	£1,100,000
Alexandria and Balloch	680	£4,100,000
Rutherglen	680	£1,900,000
Renfrew	630	£1,000,000
Coatbridge/Airdrie	550	£730,000
Clydebank	520	£2,400,000

Table 1: Main areas at risk of flooding

Background information on the Clyde and Loch Lomond Local Plan District

The extent of the Clyde and Loch Lomond Local Plan District and the location of the Potentially Vulnerable Areas are shown in Figure 2. There are many urban areas within the district including; Airdrie / Coatbridge, Cambuslang, Milngavie, Cumbernauld, Dumbarton, East Kilbride, Greenock, Motherwell / Wishaw, Hamilton, Paisley, Rutherglen and Glasgow City. The area has a population of over 1.9 million people.

The main river catchment within the area is the River Clyde, with other watercourses in the area mostly tributaries of the River Clyde including the River Kelvin, White Cart Water and Black Cart Water. The largest Loch in the area is Loch Lomond in the River Leven catchment.

There are highly urbanised areas within this Local Plan District; however, the principal land use within the area is agricultural grazing. Coniferous and broadleaved woodland make up the second largest land cover within the district, and then urban and suburban areas.

The coastal area of the Clyde and Loch Lomond Local Plan District covers approximately 500km of coastline of the Firth of Clyde

Further details of flood risk from distinct sources can be found in the river, coastal and surface water sections of this report.

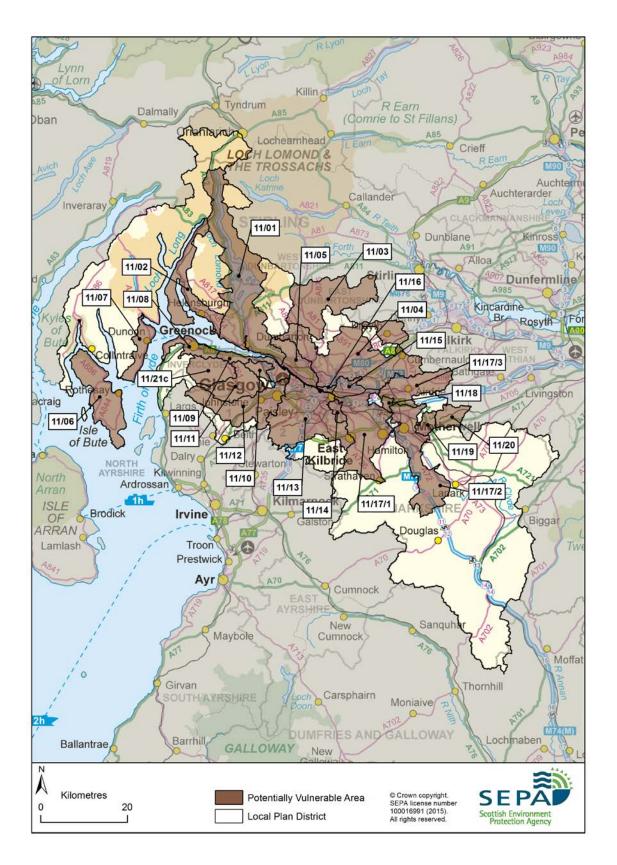


Figure 2: South West Local Plan District with Potentially Vulnerable Areas identified

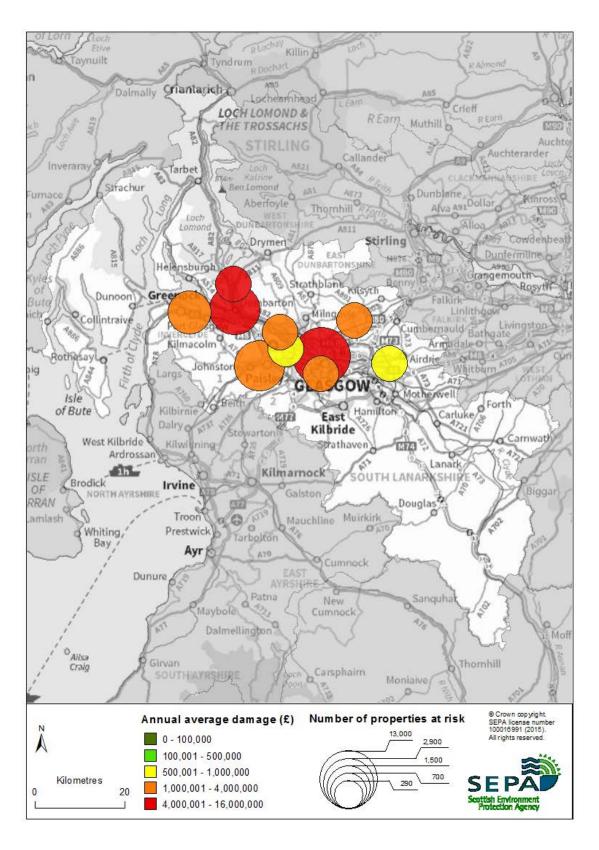


Figure 3: Clyde and Loch Lomond Local Plan District showing areas with most properties at risk of flooding and associated damages

Objectives and actions in the Clyde and Loch Lomond Local Plan District

The objectives are the shared aims for managing flooding. Actions describe where and how flood risk will be managed. Objectives and actions have been set by SEPA and agreed by flood risk management responsible authorities following consultation.

Some flood risk management objectives and actions apply to all areas, whether designated as a Potentially Vulnerable Area or not. For example, flood risk can be managed through national planning policy or as part of ongoing statutory duties for local authorities. The focus of this Flood Risk Management Strategy is to manage flood risk in Potentially Vulnerable Areas where specific actions apply in addition to the generic actions listed below. Further detail on specific actions can be found in the relevant Potentially Vulnerable Area chapter. Local authorities may have further information on how they manage flooding across their area.

Target area	Objective(s)	ID	Indicators
Applies across Clyde and Loch Lomond Local Plan District	Avoid an overall increase in flood risk	11127	 21,000 residential properties 8,600 non-residential properties 46,200 people
Applies across Clyde and Loch Lomond Local Plan District	Reduce overall flood risk	11132	21,000 residential properties8,600 non-residential properties46,200 people

Action (ID):	FLOOD FORECASTI	FLOOD FORECASTING (111320009)										
Objective (ID):	Reduce overall flood risk. (11132)											
Delivery lead:	SEPA											
Status:	Existing	Existing Indicative delivery: Ongoing										
Description:	between SEPA and the flood guidance statement responders. The serve SEPA to issue flood we reducing the impact of more information please SEPA has piloted surfareas improve their results. The development and considered alongside	precasting Service is a ne Met Office that produents which are issued ice also provides informarings, giving people of flooding on their hom ase visit SEPA's websit face water flood forecastilience to and prepared wider roll-out of this suffer the technical, resourced with providing surfaced.	uces daily, national to Category 1 and 2 nation which allows a better chance of e or business. For e. sting to help urban edness for flooding. ervice is being and communication									

Action (ID):	SELF HELP (111320011)										
Objective (ID):	Reduce overall flood risk. (11132)										
Delivery lead:	_										
Status:	Existing	Existing Indicative delivery: Ongoing									
Description:	property from flooding simple steps to reduce businesses should flo flood plan and flood k up to Floodline and th	ble for protecting thems g. Property and busines e damage and disruption oding happen. This inc it, installing property le se Resilient Communition es and businesses are	ss owners can take on to their homes and cludes preparing a vel protection, signing es Initiative, and								

Action (ID):	AWARENESS RAISING (111320013)											
Objective (ID):	Reduce overall flood risk. (11132)											
Delivery lead:	Responsible authorities											
Status:	Existing	Existing Indicative delivery: Ongoing										
Description:	awareness of flood ris actions that prepare in flooding can reduce the Local authorities will be	SEPA and the responsible authorities have a duty to raise public awareness of flood risk. Improved awareness of flood risk and actions that prepare individuals, homes and businesses for flooding can reduce the overall impact. Local authorities will be undertaking additional awareness raising activities, further details will be set out in the Local FRM Plans.										

Action (ID):	MAINTENANCE (111320007)										
Objective (ID):	Reduce overall flood risk. (11132)										
Delivery lead:	Local authority, asset / land managers										
Status:	Existing Indicative delivery: Ongoing										
Description:	out clearance and rep substantially reduce fl schedules of clearance available for public ins inspection and repair and riparian landowne	e a duty to assess wate pair works where such valood risk. The local authors and repair works and spection. Scottish Water on the public sewer nevers are responsible for sown assets including the pair works.	works would norities produce d make these er undertake twork. Asset owners the maintenance and								

Action (ID):	EMERGENCY PLAN	S / RESPONSE (11132	20014)									
Objective (ID):	Reduce overall flood risk. (11132)											
Delivery lead:	Category 1 and 2 Responders											
Status:	Existing	Existing Indicative delivery: Ongoing										
Description:	of many organisations services and SEPA. E response relies on en Civil Contingencies A The emergency response through regional and	ncy response to flooding, including local authors, including local authors frective management on ergency plans that are ct 2004 by Category 1 onse by these organisal local resilience partners the work of voluntary of	of an emergency of an emergency of prepared under the and 2 Responders. tions is co-ordinated ships. This response									

Action (ID):	PLANNING POLICIE	PLANNING POLICIES (111270001)									
Objective (ID):	Avoid an overall increase in flood risk. (11127) Reduce overall flood risk. (11132)										
Delivery lead:	Planning authority										
Status:	Existing	Existing Indicative delivery: Ongoing									
Description:	Notes set out Scottish planning system and terms of flood risk mascale approach to susbuild the resilience of land management in term vulnerability of papproach, new development in the likelihood of flooding states.	icy and accompanying Ministers' priorities for for the development ar magement, the policy stainable flood risk mar our cities and towns, eour rural areas, and to arts of our coasts and popment in areas with mational planning policies.	r the operation of the and use of land. In supports a catchment-nagement and aims to encourage sustainable address the long-islands. Under this redium to high								

2.2 Potentially Vulnerable Areas

The table below summarises the actions to manage flood risk in the Potentially Vulnerable Areas of this Local Plan District. Further detail is provided in each Potentially Vulnerable Area.

PVA	Flood protection scheme/ works	Natural flood management works	New flood warning	Flood protection study	Natural flood management study	Surface water plan/study	Strategic mapping and modelling	Maintain flood protection scheme*	Maintain flood warning*	Flood forecasting	Property level protection scheme	Community flood action groups	Self help	Awareness raising	Maintenance	Site protection plans	Emergency plans/ response	Planning policies
11/01	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓		\checkmark	\checkmark
11/02	✓			✓		✓	✓	N/A	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
11/03							✓	N/A	N/A	✓			✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
11/04	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
11/05				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
11/06				✓			✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
11/07				✓		✓	✓	✓	√	✓			✓	✓	✓		√	√
11/08	√					√	√	✓	✓	√	✓		√	√	√		√	√
11/09	✓					✓	√	N/A	N/A	√			✓	√	√		√	√
11/10						√	√	N/A	N/A	√			√	√	√		√	√
11/11	√		✓			✓	√	N/A	N/A	√			√	√	√		√	√
11/12	√			√	√	✓	✓	✓	N/A	√			√	✓	✓		√	√
11/13	✓			√	✓	✓	✓	✓	√	√		√	√	√	√	✓	√	√
11/14				✓		√	√	√	N/A	√		✓	✓	√	√		√	√
11/15	-					√	√	N/A	N/A	√			√	√	√	-	√	√
11/16	√					√	√	√	√	√			√	√	√	✓	√	√
11/17/1	√			√		√	√	√	√	√		✓	✓	√	√	√	✓	√
11/17/2	V			V		✓	√	N/A	N/A	<u>√</u>			✓	✓	✓	V	∨	∨
11/17/3						V	✓	N/A	N/A	<u>✓</u>			✓	✓	✓		∨	∨
11/18						√	∨	N/A	N/A	<u>√</u>			∨	∨	∨		∨	∨
11/19 11/20						V	∨	N/A	N/A	<u>√</u>			∨ ✓	∨	∨		∨	∨
	√		√		√		∨	N/A	N/A	<u>√</u>			∨	∨	∨		∨	∨
11/21c	V		V		V		V	N/A	N/A	V			V	V	V		V	V

^{*}Note: N/A is used where there is no formal Flood Protection Scheme or flood warning scheme present.